on east side of route 19, T 25 N, R 4 W, south part of sect. 1, $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of New Liberty P. O., Oregon Co., June 26, 1951; and Steyermark 72012 from Dent. Co., July 7, 1951.

Tragopogon Major Jacq. This species, previously unreported from Missouri, has been recently added to the flora of the state. It is represented by two collections: Steyermark, Swink, & Rouffa 71731, open places along route 66, east of Eureka and east of Meramec River bridge, St. Louis Co., June 15, 1951; and Shirley Sparling 963, cindered area along r. r., T 58 N, R 23 W, sect. 5, northeast of Chillicothe, Livingston Co., June 24, 1951.—Chicago Natural History Museum and Missouri Botanical Garden.

CARDAMINE DIGITATA RICHARDSON (CRUCIFERAE).—Two substitute names have been proposed for this species of Alaska and Yukon Territory for no valid reason. O. E. Schulz (Bot. Jahrb. 32: 372. 1903) transferred Dentaria digitata Lam. (Encycl. Meth. 2: 268. 1786) to Cardamine and then proceeded to coin the name C. hyperborea (op. cit., p. 550) to replace C. digitata of Richardson (Franklin, Journey to the Shores of the Polar Sea. Botanical Appendix, p. 743. 1823). Schulz stated that "C. digitata (Lam. 1786)" had priority over Richardson's name. However, the specific name digitata was not used in Cardamine by Lamarck. The use of this name in Cardamine by Richardson for an entirely different species than that of Lamarck predates Schulz's transfer of Lamarck's name by eighty years. More recently Hultén (Flora of Alaska and Yukon, Lunds. Univ. Arssk. 41:838. 1945) proposed the name Cardamine Richardsonii¹ to replace C. digitata Richardson, saying that "C. hyperborea Schulz cannot be used for it either, as it does not at all agree with the description of that plant." Since C. hyperborea Schulz was a direct substitution for C. digitata Richardson, it rests on the same type and whether the description Schulz gave fits or not is not significant in so far as name priority is concerned. If there were any reason to reject C. digitata Richardson, then C. hyperborea Schulz, being the first substitute name, would be valid. However, C. digitata Richardson has priority and is valid. C. hyperborea Schulz and C. Richardsonii Hultén are both superfluous names for the same species.—R. C. Rollins.

¹Properly rejected by Porsild, Bull. Nat. Mus. Canada 121: 190. 1951. Also cf. Porsild, Sargentia 4: 41. 1943.

Volume 54, no. 645, including pages 217-236, was issued 26 September, 1952.